

Summer School in NCSR "Demokritos" 12 – 16 September 2011, Athens, Greece "Methods in Micro – Nano Technology and Nanobiotechnology"



Organizer: <u>National Center for Scientific Research "Demokritos"</u> <u>in collaboration with</u> <u>Foundation of Biomedical Research of the Academy of Athens</u> <u>and</u> <u>Micro&Nano Scientific Society</u>

Information: www.imel.demokritos.gr



Target

 Modern Research takes advantage of Micro and Nanotechnology developments

Who should attend

Group leaders involved in molecular biology or biotechnology Post Doctoral Fellows, Graduate students with

- Merging areas of research (Nanobiotechnology) demand interdisciplinary skills
- Necessary for researchers from Chemistry, Engineering, and Life Sciences to acquire skills in Micro and Nanotechnologies, nanomedicine

Establish common language between the various disciplinespromote interdisciplinary research

The summer school offers: classroom and laboratory experience on: micro and nano-technology processes / applications Targeted in: Nanobiotechnology, Nanomedicine Life Science / Science / Engineering background, medical doctors All those who wish to apply micro-technology in their research

Maximum number of attendants: 20

Fees: 800 Euro

(includes handouts, coffee-breaks, lunches, NO accommodation) Partial scholarships will be available for participants from organizationsmembers of the **Micro&Nano** Scientific Society

Deadline: July 30th 2011

Syllabus

- **Section 1:** Principles of biochemistry, cell biology, microelectronics and MEMS
- **<u>1.1</u>**: Nanotechnology and nanobiotechnology for Life Sciences
- **<u>1.2</u>: Principles of biochemistry and cell biology**
- **<u>1.3</u>: Structure of biomolecules**
- **<u>1.4</u>**: Microelectronic devices and MEMS for biosensing

<u>Section 2</u>: Micro and Nano-fabrication science and technology
<u>2.1</u>: Conventional patterning schemes for bioanalytical microdevices
2.2: Microfabrication technologies for polymeric microfluidics
<u>2.3</u>: Patterning of biomolecules and other biological substances

Laboratory 2.1: Fabrication of microfluidic devices on plastic substrates by soft lithography and deep polymer plasma etching Laboratory 2.2: Fabrication of protein microarrays using lithography

Laboratory 2.3: Fluorescence detection of protein arrays

Laboratory 3.1: Protein separation by two-dimensional electrophoresis

Laboratory 3.2: Protein identification by Mass Spectrometry

Laboratory 3.3: Fabrication of protein microarrays using nanoplotter

Section 3: Bioanalytical Methods, Imaging, and Applications 3.1: Unraveling the proteome: Technologies, Applications, Challenges 3.2: Proteome Analysis using Mass Spectrometry

<u>3.3</u>: Scanning Probe Microscopy in Nanobiotechnology

<u>Section 4</u>: Towards bioanalytical LOC devices and systems
<u>4.1</u>: DNA and Protein arrays: fabrication, detection and applications
<u>4.2</u>: Binding assays and Immunosensors
<u>4.3</u>: Integrated Biosensing Devices





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PMMA Capillaries

Laboratory 3.4: Bioinformatics basic theory & laboratory

Laboratory 3.5: State of the art fluorescence imaging & confocal microscopy of biological samples

Laboratory 3.6: Drug inclusion in cyclodextrins: monitoring in situ by NMR spectroscopy, X-ray diffraction characterisation of drug inclusion and 3-D visualisation

Laboratory 4.1: Demonstration of a capillary fluoroimmunosensor

Laboratory 4.2: Operation of a lab-on-a-chip optical device using model assays and real time measurements



Fluorescence picture of the rabbit γ -globulins and biotinylated-BSA spot arrays after a 2 h immunoreaction with a mixture of AF 546 labeled streptavidin (red spots) and AF 488 labeled anti-rabbit IgG antibody (green spots). The spot size is approximately 4 µm.



Twelve rows of different protein spots fabricated in 12 succesive lithographic steps



Atomic Force Microscopy Formation of DNA nanoparticles of ~40 nm diameter

Spacer \ \













